BSD&Co.

Chartered Accountants

Branch Office Delhi: 810, 8th floor, Antriksh Bhawan, 22 Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi-110001(Delhi) Tel.: 011-43029888, E-mail: delhi@bsdgroup.in • Website: www.bsdgroup.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT To The Members of Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements including a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March 2024, of its consolidated loss (including other comprehensive loss), consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 48 to Consolidated Financial Statements

In the financial year ended 31st March 2022, search was initiated against the Company under section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961. During the financial year 2023-24 assessments were made and several notices of demand under section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 were received. The company has already filed appeals before CIT(Appeals) disputing the demands so raised. Based on the decision of various appellate authorities, interpretation of relevant provision of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and on the basis of opinion from independent tax expert that the demands so raised will not be sustained on completion of the appellate proceedings. Accordingly, pending the decision by the appellate authorities, no provision of any potential liability has been made in the Financial Statements.

Head Office: No. 14/3 10th C Main Jaynagar, 1 Block, Bengaluru - 560011 (Karnataka)

Branch Office Mumbai: 31/704, Neptune Co-operatine Housing Society, Evershine Millenium Paradise (EMP)

Thakur Village, Kandiwali (East), Mumbai - 400101 (Maharashtra)

Branch Office Indore : 201, Lakshya Enclave, 15/3, Old Palasia, Indore - 452001 (Madhya Pradesh)

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters ("KAM") are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Description of key Audit Matters

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matters	How that matter was addressed in our audit report
1	Inventories The Group's inventories comprise mainly of Project in Progress, Construction Materials and Completed Real Estate Projects.	Our audit procedures to assess the net realizable value (NRV) of the inventories include the following:
	The inventories are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). NRV for completed inventory is assessed including but not limited to market conditions and prices existing at the reporting date and is determined by the group based on net amount that it expects to realise from the sale of inventory in the ordinary course of business. NRV in respect of inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices (by referring to expected or recent selling prices) at the reporting date less estimated costs to complete the construction, and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.	We had discussions with Management to understand Management's process and methodology to estimate NRV, including key assumptions used and we also verified project wise un-sold area and recent sale prices and estimated cost of construction to complete projects.
	part of the total assets of the group and involves significant estimates and judgments in assessment of NRV. Accordingly, it has been considered as key audit matter.	
2	Recognition and measurement of deferred tax assets	
	Under Ind AS, the Group is required to reassess recognition of deferred tax asset at each reporting date. The group has deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward losses and other temporary differences, as set out in Note 4 and 31 to the Consolidated Financial	Our Audit procedures include: i) Obtained an understanding of the process and tested the control over recording of deferred tax and review of deferred tax at each reporting date
	Statements. The group's deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward business losses are based on the projected profitability. This is determined on the basis of business plans demonstrating availability of sufficient taxable income to utilize such brought forward business loss.	ii) Evaluated management assumptions, used to determine the probability that deferred tax assets recognised in the balance sheet will be recovered through taxable income in future years, by handing over of major real estate projects.

We have identified recognition of deferred tax assets as key audit matter because of the related complexity and subjectivity of the assessment process. The assessment process is based on assumptions affected by expected future market or economic conditions.

tax rate used for recognition of deferred tax assets.

iv) We have also focused on the adequacy of company's disclosure on deferred tax.

3 Pending Income Tax cases

The Group has various tax litigations/matters that are pending before tax authorities involving tax demands. The Group assesses such litigations/matters on a periodic basis. For the tax litigations/matters referred to in note 33 and 48 to the consolidated financial statements significant management judgement is required in assessing the exposure due to the inherent uncertainties as to likely outcome, and due to the nature and timeframe involved, taxation exposures are identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- i) We obtained an understanding of the Group's process to identify claims, litigations and contingencies.
- ii) We obtained a list of tax litigations/matters from the Group and performed inquiries with the management, as to their likely outcome, financial impact and repetitiveness and obtained management representation thereon.
- iii) We examined evidences to corroborate management's assessment of the risk profile in respect of these matters including reading the Group's submissions to relevant authorities and orders received in this regard.
- iv) In relation to the material tax litigations/matters, Group involved independent tax expert, as appropriate, to perform an independent assessment of the conclusions reached by management.
- v) We read the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements to assess if they reflect the key facts and circumstances of the underlying tax exposures.

Other information

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income/loss, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) amendment Rules, 2016. The respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company and subsidiary companies has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group of which we are the independent auditors and whose financial information we have audited, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditor. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to the preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept by the Holding Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flow dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding company and its subsidiaries as on 31st March, 2024 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of respective companies, none of the directors of the holding company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-I".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration was paid during the current year.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March 2024 on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
 - ii. There are no material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts requiring provision.
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group.
 - iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief as disclosed in Note 49 to Consolidated Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend

or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief belief as disclosed in Note 49 to Consolidated Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. Based on our examination which included test checks, the group has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. However, due to inherent limitation of the software, we are unable to comment whether there was any instance of the audit trail feature been tempered during the audit period.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1st April 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March 2024.

2. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the companies included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For BSD & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 000312S

Sujata Sharma

Membership No. 087919

UDIN: 24087919BKEONW1616

Place: New Delhi Date: 22nd May 2024

Annexure I to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited ("the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended 31st March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls systems over financial reporting of the company and its subsidiary companies.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures

that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of Management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Group has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting but requires more strengthening and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group consisting the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For BSD & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No

Sujata Sharma

Partner

Membership No. 087919

UDIN: 24087919BKEONW1616

New Delhi

Place: New Delhi Date: 22nd May 2024

Annexure-II to the Independent Auditors' Report - 31st March 2024 on the Consolidated Financial Statements

S. No.	Name of Company	Type
1	Aarzoo Technobuild Private Limited	Subsidiary
2	Abheek Builders Private Limited	Subsidiary
3	Radiance Housing and Properties Private Limited	Subsidiary



Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Complex,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U45400DL2008PTC172401

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH, 2024

(Rupees in Lakhs)

	Particulars		Note No.	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
	ASSETS				
	Non-Current Assets				
a)	Property, Plant and Equipment		1	131.89	58.80
	Right of Use Assets		2	333.24	447.76
	Financial Assets		_	000121	
	i) Other Financial Assets		3	2.07	2.07
۲١	Deferred Tax Assets (net)		4	4,994.02	2,589.08
	Non-Current Tax Assets (net)		5	98.94	104.08
	Other Non-Current Assets		6	4.06	3.75
,	other non-current Assets		O	5,564.22	3,205.54
				*	
,	Current Assets				
•	Inventories		7	8,607.47	10,546.07
)	Financial Assets				
	i) Trade Receivables		8	506.27	631.59
	ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents		9	88.99	119.20
	iii) Other Financial Assets		10	5,798.28	349.25
:)	Other Current Assets		11	2,098.75	1,288.15
				17,099.76	12,934.26
	TOTAL ASSETS			22,663.98	16,139.79
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
٠,	Equity Equity Share Capital		12	5.00	5.00
	Other Equity		13		(7,477.20
')	Other Equity		13	(14,692.46) (14,687.46)	
	Liabilities			(14,087.46)	(7,472.20
	Non-Current Liabilities				
	Financial Liabilities				
')			4.4	204 42	10.04
	i) Lease Liabilities		14	201.43	10.84
	ii) Other Financial Liabilities		15	154.02	111.77
•	Other Current Liabilities		16	17.07	15.31
)	Provisions		17	15.41	10.70
	Access of Parketty			387.93	148.62
	Current liabilities				
)	Financial Liabilities				
	i) Lease Liabilities		18	145.48	477.70
	ii) Trade Payables		19		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small			56.27	24.88
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro			518.31	353.96
	iii) Other Financial Liabilities		20	2,889.34	822.18
)	Other Current Liabilities		21	33,353.76	21,784.42
)	Provision		22	0.35	0.24
				36,963.51	23,463.38
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	#1 50		22,663.98	16,139.80
	Material accounting policies		Α		
	riaterial accounting policies		A		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of consolidated financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

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For and on behalf of

Notes on financial statements

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -0003125)D & Chartered According 0003

Sujata Sharma Partner M.No. 087919

Place: New Delhi Date: 22 May, 2024 For and on behalf of board of directors

1 - 53

Director DIN: 03560939

Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Director

DIN: 07084868

Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Complex,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U45400DL2008PTC172401

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2024

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31 March, 2024	Year ended 31 March, 2023
REVENUE			
Revenue from Operations	23	18.29	1,457.13
Other Income	24	10.13	60.98
TOTAL INCOME		28.42	1,518.11
EXPENSES			
Cost of Land, Material Consumed, Construction & Other Related Project Cost	25	7,071.70	2,175.84
Changes in Inventories of Finished Stock & Projects in Progress	26	2,022.69	1,655.48
Employee Benefits Expense	27	(3.54)	3.78
Finance Costs	28	177.00	87.24
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	29	358.23	609.10
Other Expenses	30	18.99	28.93
TOTAL EXPENSES	50	9,645.07	4,560.37
Profit Before Tax		(9,616.65)	(3,042.26)
Tax Expense	31		
Deferred Tax		(2,404.05)	(764.44)
Total Tax Expenses		(2,404.05)	(764.44)
Profit/(Loss) After Tax (A)		(7,212.60)	(2,277.82)
Other Comprehensive Income 1) Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Remeasurements of the Net Defined Benefit Plans	Loss	(2.55)	0.07
Tax on the above		(3.55)	8.07
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)(B)		0.89	(2.03) 6.04
1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (compr	ising of	(7.215.26)	
	ising of +B)	(7,215.26)	(2,271.78)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (compr	ising of +B)	(7,215.26)	
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprorofit/(loss) and other comprehensive income/(Loss))(A	ising of +B)	(7,215.26) (7,212.60)	
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensive income/(Loss))(A- Net Profit attributable to:	ising of +B)		(2,271.78)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite income/(Loss))(A- Net Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest	ising of +B)		(2,271.78)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite income/(Loss))(A- Net Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to:	ising of +B)	(7,212.60)	(2,271.78)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite income/(Loss))(A- Net Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company	ising of +B)		(2,271.78)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensit/(loss) and other comprehensive income/(Loss))(Advised Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest	ising of +B)	(7,212.60)	(2,271.78)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite/(loss) and other comprehensive income/(Loss))(Advised Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:	ising of +B)	(7,212.60) (2.66)	(2,271.78) (2,277.82) - 6.04
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite income/(Loss))(A- Net Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest	ising of +B)	(7,212.60)	(2,271.78) (2,277.82)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite/(loss) and other comprehensive income/(Loss))(Advised Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Total Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest	+B)	(7,212.60) (2.66)	(2,271.78) (2,277.82) - 6.04
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensit/(loss) and other comprehensive income/(Loss))(Advice Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Total Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest	ising of +B)	(7,212.60) (2.66) (7,215.25)	(2,271.78) (2,277.82) - 6.04 - (2,271.78)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite/(loss) and other comprehensive income/(Loss))(Advised Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Total Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Earning Per Equity Share-(Face value of Rs. 10/-)	+B)	(7,212.60) (2.66)	(2,271.78) (2,277.82) - 6.04
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (comprehensite/(loss) and other comprehensive income/(Loss))(Advised Profit attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Total Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest Earning Per Equity Share-(Face value of Rs. 10/-) Basic (In Rupees)	+B)	(7,212.60) (2.66) (7,215.25) (14,425.19)	(2,271.78) (2,277.82) - 6.04 - (2,271.78)

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. 70003128)(

Sujata Sharma

M.No. 087919

Place: New Delhi

Date: 22 May, 2024

For and on behalf of board of directors

Manish

Director DIN: 03560939 Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Director

DIN: 07084868

Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Complex,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U45400DL2008PTC172401

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2024

		(Rupees in Lakhs
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit for the year before tax	(9,616.65)	(3,042.26
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and amortization expense	378.67	615,42
Gain on financial assets/liabilities carried at amortised cost	(1.54)	(0.96
Interest income	(0.67)	
Interest and finance charges	3,364.27	59.63
Interest on lease liability	172.35	84.85
Bad Debts & advances written off	1.50	1.52
Loss/(Profit) on sale of property,plant and equipment	(0.38)	
Liabilities no longer required written back	(/	
Operating profit before working capital changes	(4.30)	
Adjustments for working capital	(5,706.75)	
Inventories	1,938.60	1,559.03
Trade receivable	125.32	19.04
Other financial assets	(5,448.99)	
Other non-financial assets	(810.90)	(746.54
Trade payable and other financial and non financial liabilities	13,881.28	2,332.71
,	9,685.31	3,224.62
Net cash flow generated from/(used in) operating activities	3,978.56	933.27
Direct tax paid/(refund)	(5.14)	
Net cash generated from/(Used in) Operating activities (A)	3,983.70	936.99
. Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(105.78)	(27.32
Sale of property, plant and equipment	0.97	(27.02
Interest received	0.67	0.43
Net cash generated from /(used in) investing activities (B)	(104.14)	(26.89
. Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceed from Borrowings		(0.93
Repayment of Lease Liability including interest	(546.03)	(799.69
Interest and finance charges paid	(3,363.73)	(57.64
Net cash (used in)/generated from Financing activities (C)	(3,909.76)	(858.26
The seem (word my) generated from Financing activities (b)	(3,505.70)	(050.20
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(30.20)	51.84
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	119.20	67.36
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	88.99	119.20
COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(Rupees in Lakhs
	As at	As at
PARTICULARS	31 March, 2024	31 March, 2023
Cash on hand	10.44	40.54
Balance with banks	10.44	19.54
	78.55	99.66
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 9)	88.99	119.20

DISCLOSURE AS REQUIRED BY IND AS 7 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

There is no liabilities arising from financing activities during the current year, hence reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities have not been given for current year

March 31, 2023				(Rupees in Lakhs)
PARTICULARS	Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non Cash and other Changes	Closing balance
Non-current secured borrowings	0.93	(0.93)		
Total liabilities from financial activities	0.93	(0.93)		-

For

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of (Regn. No. -00031290)3 Chartened (Ccountants

Sujata Sharmared Acco

Partner

M.No. 087919

Manish Goel

and on

Director DIN: 03560939

Rajendra Kumar Sharma Director

behalf of board of directors

DIN: 07084868

Place: New Delhi Date: 22 May, 2024

Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Complex,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U45400DL2008PTC172401

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2024

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Numbers	Rupees in Lakhs	
Balance as at 1 April 2022	50,000	5.00	
Change in equity share capital due to prior period errors		7.5	
Restated balance as at 1 April 2022	50,000	5.00	
Changes in equity share capital during 2022-23	:=:		
Balance as at 31 March 2023	50,000	5.00	
Balance as at 1 April 2023	50,000	5.00	
Change in equity share capital due to prior period errors			
Restated balance as at 1 April 2023	50,000	5.00	
Changes in equity share capital during 2023-24	-	983	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	50,000	5.00	

B. Other Equity

(Rupees in Lakhs)

				(Rupees in Lakins)				
	Attributable to the owners of Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited							
Description	Reserve & S	urplus	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity				
	Retained Earnings/(deficit)	Capital Reserve	Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Obligation					
Balance as at 1 April 2022	(5,206.15)	3.47	(2.74)	(5,205.42)				
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(2,277.82)	.≅-		(2,277.82)				
Other Comprehensive Income		-	6.04	6.04				
Balance as at 31 March 2023	(7,483.97)	3.47	3.30	(7,477.20)				
Balance as at 1 April 2023	(7,483.97)	3.47	3.30	(7,477.20)				
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(7,212.60)	- 2	<u> </u>	(7,212.60)				
Other Comprehensive Income	-	; -	(2.66)	(2.66)				
Balance as at 31 March 2024	(14,696.57)	3.47	0.64	(14,692.46)				

The notes referred to above form an integral part of Consolidated financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of board of directors

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -900312S) Chartered Accountants

Sujata Sharmad Acc

Partner M.No. 087919

Place: New Delhi Date: 22 May, 2024 Director

DIN: 03560939

Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Director

DIN: 07084868

Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Complex,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U45400DL2008PTC172401

A. Material accounting policies

1.Corporate information

Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited ("The Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Group") are mainly into the business of real estate Properties for residential, commercial and retail purposes. The registered office of the Company is at 10, Local Shopping Complex, Kalkaji, New Delhi-110019.

2. Material accounting policies

i) Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the group have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 ('Ind AS') issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Group has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the period presented.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 were authorised and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 May, 2024.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India. Further, the financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets, financial liabilities, derivative financial instruments and share based payments which are measured at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Rupees and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh, except when otherwise indicated.

ii) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiary companies . The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- (a) The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are combined on a line by line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, incomes, expenses and cash flows, after fully eliminating intra-group balances and intra-group transactions.
- (b) Profits or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant & equipment, are eliminated in full.
- (c) Where the cost of the investment is higher/lower than the share of equity in the subsidiary at the time of acquisition, the resulting difference is disclosed as goodwill/capital reserve in the investment schedule. The said Goodwill is not amortised, however, it is tested for impairment at each Balance Sheet date and the impairment loss, if any, is provided for in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.
- (d) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary.
- (e) The difference between the proceeds from disposal of investment in subsidiaries and the carrying amount of its assets less liabilities as on the date of disposal is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss being the profit or loss on disposal of investment in subsidiary.
- (f) Non Controlling Interest's share of profit / loss of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against the income of the group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to shareholders of the Company.
- (g) Non Controlling Interest's share of net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet separate from liabilities and the equity of the Company's shareholders.

iii) Goodwill on Consolidation

Goodwill represents the cost of acquired business as established at the date of acquisition of the business in excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or when events or circumstances indicate that the implied fair value of goodwill is less than its carrying amount.

iv) Revenue recognition

The Group follows IND AS 115 for revenue recognition. Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligations. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discount and scheme as part of contract.

Point of Time:

(a) Real estate projects

The group derives revenue from execution of real estate projects. Revenue from Real Estate project is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 115 which establishes a something framework in determining whether how much and when revenue is to be recognised. Revenue from real estate projects are recognised upon transfer of control of promised real estate property to customer at an amount that reflects the consideration which the group expects to receive in exchange for such booking and is based on following 6 steps New Delhio

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1. Identification of contract with customers

The company accounts for contract with a customer only when all the following criteria are met:

- Parties (i.e. the company and the customer) to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations.
- The group can identify each customer's right regarding the goods or services to be transferred.
- the group can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred.
- The contract has commercial substance (i.e. risk, timing or amount of the grouop's future cash flow is expected to change as a result of the contract) and
- It is probable that the group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. Consideration may not be the same due to discount rate etc.
- 2. Identify the separate performance obligation in the contract:-

Performance obligation is a promise to transfer to a customer:

- Goods or services or a bundle of goods or services i.e. distinct or a series of goods or services that are substantially the same and are transferred in the same way.
- If a promise to transfer goods or services is not distinct from goods or services in a contract, then the goods or services are combined in a single performance obligation.
- The goods or services that is promised to a customer is distinct if both the following criteria are met:
- The customer can benefit from the goods or services either on its own or together with resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. The goods or services are capable of being distinct) and
- The group's promise to transfer the goods or services to the customer is separately identifiable from the other promises in the contract (i.e The goods or services are distinct within the context of the contract).
- 3. Satisfaction of the performance obligation:-

The group recognizes revenue when (or as) the group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised goods or services to the customer. The real estate properties are transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of Property.

4. Determination of transaction price:-

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to customer excluding GST.

The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amount, variable amount or both. In determining transaction price, the group assumes that goods or services will be transferred to the customer as promised in accordance with the existing contract and the contract can't be cancelled, renewed or modified

5. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligation:-

The allocation of the total contract price to various performance obligation are done based on their standalone selling prices, the stand alone selling price is the price at which the group would sell promised goods or services separately to the customers.

6. Recognition of revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation.

Performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time if none of the criteria out of the below three is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes a benefit provided by the group's performance as the group performs.
- The group's performance creates or enhances an asset that a customer controls as asset is created or enhanced.
- The group's performance doesn't create an asset within an alternative use to the group and the group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Over a period of time:

Performance obligation is satisfied over time if one of the criteria out of the following three is met:

- -The customer simultaneously receives and consumes a benefit provided by the company's performance as the company performs.
- -The group's performance creates or enhances an asset that a customer controls as asset is created or enhanced or
- -The group's performance doesn't create an asset within an alternative use to the group and the group habve an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Therefore the revenue recognition for a performance obligation is done over time if one of the criteria is met out of the above three.

The group disaggregates revenue from real estate projects on the basis of nature of revenue.

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(b) Construction Projects

Construction projects where the Group is acting as contractor, revenue is recognised in accordance with the terms of the construction agreements. Under such contracts, assets created does not have an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment. The estimated project cost includes construction cost, development and construction material and overheads of such project. The Group uses cost based input method for measuring progress for performance obligation satisfied over time. Under this method, the Group recognises revenue in proportion to the actual project cost incurred as against the total estimated project cost. The management reviews and revises its measure of progress periodically and are considered as change in estimates and accordingly, the effect of such changes in estimates is recognised prospectively in the period in which such changes are determined. However, when the total project cost is estimated to exceed total revenues from the project, the loss is recognized immediately. As the outcome of the contracts cannot be measured reliably during the early stages of the project, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of costs incurred in the statement of profit and loss.

(c) Lease Rental income

Revenue in rental is recognised over a period of time on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of contract as and when the Group satisfies performance obligations by delivery services as per contractual agreed terms.

(d) Project Management Fee

Project Management fee is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation as per agreed terms.

(e) Interest Income

Interest due on delayed payments by customers is accounted on accrual basis.

(f) Income from trading sales

Revenue from trading activities is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation.

(g) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.

(v) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset (including real estate projects) are considered as part of the cost of the asset/project. All other borrowing costs are treated as period cost and charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which incurred.

(vi) Property, Plant and Equipment

Recognition and initial measurement

Properties, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Property plant and equipment are subsequently measured at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation on Property Plant and Equipment is provided on written down value method based on useful life of assets as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 as under:

Assets Category	Estimated useful life (in years)	Estimated useful life as per schedule II to Companies Act, 2013 (in years)
Plant and Machinery		
Cranes	15	15
Other items	12	12
Office Equipment	5	5
Furniture and Fixtures	10	10

The Group based on management estimates depreciate certain item i.e. Shuttering Material and scaffolding over estimated useful life of 5 years considering obsolence as against 12 years specified in Schedule II to Companies Act, 2013. The management of the Group believes that the estimated useful life of 5 years is realistic and reflects fair approximation of the period over which the asset and the period over which the period over which the asset and the period over which the period over the period over the period over which the period over the period

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De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

(vii) Intangible Assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent measurement (amortization and useful lives)

Intangible assets comprising of ERP & other computer software are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and are amortised over a period of four years on straight line method.

viii) Inventories and Projects in progress

(a) Inventories

- (i) Building material and consumable stores are valued at cost, which is determined on the basis of the 'First in First out'
- (ii) Land is valued at cost, which is determined on average method. Cost includes cost of acquisition and all related costs.
- (iii) Construction work in progress is valued at cost. Cost includes cost of materials, services and other related overheads related to project under construction.
- (iv) Completed real estate project for sale and trading stock are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value, Cost includes cost of land, materials, construction, services and other related overheads.

(b) Projects in progress

Projects in progress are valued at cost. Cost includes cost of land, materials, construction, services, borrowing costs and other overheads relating to projects.

ix) Impairment of Non Financial Assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

x) Financial Instruments

a) Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

- (1) Financial instruments at amortised cost the financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the Principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities are also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

D& C measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Subsequent to initial recognition, these to builties one These liabilities include borrowings and deposits.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or on the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

c)Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 43 details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

xi) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provision is recognized when:

- the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- · a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

xii) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity share.

xiii) Income Tax

- i. Provision for current tax is made based on the tax payable under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity)
- ii. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

xiv) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell as asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient date are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs:

- Level 1- Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfer have occurred between levels in the herarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

(h)

For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(xv) Lease

The Group follows IND AS 116 for leases. In accordance with INDAS 116, The group recognises right of use assets representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of right of use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before commencement date less any lease incentive received plus any initial direct cost incurred and an estimate of cost to be incurred by lessee in dismantling and removing underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right of use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liability. The right of use assets is depreciated using the Straight Line Method from the commencement date over the charter of lease term or useful life of right of use asset. The estimated useful life of right of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of Property, Plant and Equipment. Right of use asset are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the group uses incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification or to reflect revised-in-substance fixed lease payments. The group recognises amount of re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to write off use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of right of use assets is reduced to zero and there is further reduction in measurement of lease liability, the group recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The group has elected not to apply the requirements of INDAS 116 to short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less unless renewable on long term basis and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense over lease term.

Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned. Fit-out rental income is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on accrual basis.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Group to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

xvi) Classification of assets and liabilities into current and non-current

The Management classifies assets and liabilities into current and non-current categories based on its operating cycle.

xvii) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Group that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

(a) Revenue

Revenue is recognised on accrual basis and comprises of aggregate amounts of sale price agreed with customer and is recognised on the basis of cost of rights so transferred.

(b) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Group's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

(c) Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

* 9

(d) Provisions

At each balance sheet date basis the management judgement, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Group assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding contingent liabilities. However the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

Significant estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the standalone financial statements were prepared.

(a) Net realizable value of inventory

The determination of net realisable value of inventory involves estimates based on prevailing market conditions, current prices and expected date of commencement and completion of the project, the estimated future selling price, cost to complete projects and selling cost. The Group also involves specialist to perform valuations of inventories, wherever required.

(b) Fair value measurement disclosures

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument.

Particulars	Plant and Machinery	Office Equipments	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Computer and Printers	Total
Gross carrying amount						
Balance as at 1 April 2022	34.27	5.27	84.27	16.88	7.74	148.43
Additions	5.92	0.43	20.97	121	*	27.32
Disposals	-			- 5	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	40.19	5.70	105.24	16.88	7.74	175.75
Balance as at 1 April 2023	40.19	5.70	105.24	16.88	7.74	175.75
Additions	99.35	2.30	3.78	0.23	0.12	105.78
Disposals	(1.51)	-	2	(4):	-	(1.51)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	138.03	8.00	109.02	17.11	7.86	280.02
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at 1 April 2022	10.65	3.74	69.00	10.73	4.44	98.56
Depreciation charge during the year	6.32	0.64	7.55	1.81	2.07	18.39
Disposals		-	*	543		(₩)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	16.97	4.38	76.55	12.54	6.51	116.95
Balance as at 1 April 2023	16.97	4.38	76.55	12.54	6.51	116.95
Depreciation charge during the year	20.44	1.07	8.48	1.32	0.79	32.10
Disposals	(0.92)				-	(0.92)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	36.49	5.45	85.03	13.86	7.30	148.13
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	101.54	2.55	23.99	3.25	0.56	131.89
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023	23,22	1.32	28.69	4.34	1.23	58.80

	(Rupees in Lakhs)
Year ended 31 March 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023
20,44	6.32
11.66	12.07
32.10	18.39
	Year ended 31 March 2024 20.44 11.66

Note 2 : RIGHT OF USE ASSETS	(Rupees in La		
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023	
Right of use as at beginning of the year	447.76	827.36	
Add: Right of use assets added during the year	267.72	281.42	
Less: Deletion of right of use assets during the year	(35.67)	(63.99)	
Less: Depreciation on right of use assets (refer note 29)	(346,57)	(597.03)	
Right of use as at the end of the year	333.24	447.76	



(4)



Note 3: OTHER FINANCIA	L ASSETS-	NON CURR	ENT				*	(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars							As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
(Unsecured considered good u	ınless other	wise stated)						
Security Deposits								
considered good							2.07	2.07
Total							2.07	2.07
Note - 4 : DEFERRED TAX A			vs:					(Rupees in Lakhs)
							As at	As at
Particulars							31 March 2024	31 March 2023
At the beginning of the year							2,589.08	1,826.67
Credit/ (Charge) to statement			note 31)				2,404.05	764.44
Credit/ (Charge) to other comp	rehensive i	ncome			2		0.89	(2.03)
At the end of the year							4,994.02	2,589.08
Compenent of deferred tax	assets :							(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars							As at	As at
							31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Difference between book and to	ax base of p	property,plar	nt and equip	ment			13.03	12.20
Unaborsed business losses	hasis						4,974.26	2,564.60
Expenses allowed on payment Other	Dasis						4.06	2.78
Total							2.67 4,994.02	9.50 2,589.08
							4,554102	2/303.00
NOTE 5 : NON-CURRENT T	AX ASSETS	S (NET)						(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars							As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Direct Tax refundable (net of p	provision)		-				98.94 98.94	104.08 104.08
Note 6 : OTHER NON CURR Particulars	LITT ADDE						As at 31 March 2024	(Rupees in Lakhs) As at 31 March 2023
Prepaid Expenses							4.06	
Total							4.06	3.75 3.75
Note 7 : INVENTORIES			1 3					(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars							As at	As at
							31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Building Material and Consuma	bles						272.36	188.27
Completed Real Estate Project	s						3,988.64	4,393.26
Project In Progress							4,346.47	5,964.54
Total							8,607.47	10,546.07
Note 8 : TRADE RECEIVABL	ES							(Rupees in Lakhs)
							As at	As at
Particulars			2				31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(Unsecured considered good u	nless otherv	wise stated)						
Considered Good							506.27	631.59
Total							506.27	631.59
Note 8.1 : Ageing of Trade	Receivable	s as at 31	March, 202	24 is as fo	lows:			(Rupees in Lakhs)
		itstanding i	for the foll	owing per	iods fr	om due date o	f payment	
Particular	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 ye	ears	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Indisputed Trade Receivables- onsidered good	502.21	4.06	-		(#)	¥	-	506.27
Total	502.21	4.06	C-D	2	7			506.27
			/ 1				75	

6/



Not Dut	Ageing of Trade Receivable		itstanding (or the foll	owing periods fr	om due date o	f payment	
Considered good 6.44.73 4.70 0.57 0.90 - 0.66 6.31.51	Particular		Less than	6 months			More than 3	Total
Note 9 CASH AND CASH EQUITALENTS Ruges in Lake Sa at 31 March 2022 Salances With Banks:		624.73	4.70	0.57	0.90	-	0.69	631.59
Particulars	Total	624.73	4.70	0.57	0.90	-	0.69	631.59
Salance With Banks:				d generally	on terms as per a	greement/contra	act.	(Rupees in Lakhs
Total 19.00 19.	Particulars							
Cash on Hand Total 10.44 19.55 Note 10 : OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS-CURRENT Rupees in Lakin Ass at 31 March 2002 Ass at 31 March 2002 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>78.55</td> <td>99.66</td>							78.55	99.66
Note 10 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS-CURRENT	Cash on Hand							19.54
Particulars	Total						88.99	119.20
Clussecured considered good unless otherwise stated Clussecured Recoverable In Cash	Note 10 : OTHER FINANCIA	L ASSETS-	CURRENT					(Rupees in Lakhs
Cursecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advances Recoverable In Cash	Particulars						As at	As at
182.52 5.615.76 3.44.65 5.615.76 3.45.65 5.615.76 3.45.65 5.615.76 3.45.65 5.615.76 3.45.65 5.615.76 3.45.65 5.615.76 5.6								31 March 2023
Note - 10.1 Particulars Partic	Advances Recoverable In Ca -From Holding of Holding C	ash	rise stated)					4.58 344.67
Particulars in respect of advances recoverable in cash from Holding of holding of moleting and particulars and advances of advances of section and advances to specified person and advances to specified person and advances of possible and particulars and advances to specified person and advances in the nature of loan outstanding of the nature of loan outstanding of the nature of loans and advances in the nature of loans and	Total						5,798.28	349.25
Note 10.2 Loans and advances to specified person Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loans of loan outstanding loans of loans	Particulars	ances reco	verable in C	asn from	riolaing of notair	ig company	31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
As at 31 March, 2023 Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding Related Parties Related								4.58 4.58
Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding when the nature of loans when the nature of loan outstanding when the nature of loans w	Note 10.2 Loans and advanc	es to spec	ified persor	1				(Rupees in Lakhs)
or advance in the nature of loan outstanding or advances in the nature of loans outstanding loans outs					As at 31 Ma	arch,2024	As at 31 N	larch,2023
Note 11 : OTHER CURRENT ASSETS Particulars (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance against goods, services and others - Fellow Subsidiary Companies - Others Balance With Government / Statutory Authorities Balance With Government / Statutory Authorities - Total International Statutory Authorities International Statut	Type of Borrower				or advance in the nature of loan	to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of	or advance in the nature of loan	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Particulars (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance against goods, services and others - Fellow Subsidiary Companies - Others Balance With Government / Statutory Authorities Prepaid Expenses Total Idea - 1.1.1 Particulars in respect of advances against goods, services and others Particulars As at As	lelated Parties				182.52	3.15%	4.58	1.31%
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance against goods, services and others - Fellow Subsidiary Companies - Others Balance With Government / Statutory Authorities Prepaid Expenses Fotal International Statutory Authorities Total International Statutory Authorit	Note 11 : OTHER CURRENT	ASSETS						(Rupees in Lakhs)
Advance against goods, services and others - Fellow Subsidiary Companies - Others - Others - Others - Calance With Government / Statutory Authorities - Fepaid Expenses - Total - Interpolate Expenses - Int	Particulars							As at 31 March 2023
Balance With Government / Statutory Authorities 621.73 352.27 Prepaid Expenses 10.19 13.06 Total 2,098.75 1,288.15 Idote - 11.1 Particulars in respect of advances against goods, services and others to fellow Subsidiary Companies (Rupees in Lakhster 11.1) Particulars 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 PS Suncity Promotors & Developers Private Limited 6 Co 36.00	Advance against goods, serv - Fellow Subsidiary Companie	ices and o	se stated) thers					11 (7
articulars in respect of advances against goods, services and others to fellow Subsidiary Companies As at As at 31 March 2024 PS Suncity Promotors & Developers Private Limited Companies As at 31 March 2024 36.00	Balance With Government / Sta Prepaid Expenses	tutory Auth	orities				621.73 10.19	922.82 352.27 13.06 1,288.15
As at 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 PS Suncity Promotors & Developers Private Limited & Co 36.00		nces again	ist annds e	ervices and	d others to fello	w Subsidiary /	Companies	(Runees in Labbe)
PS Suncity Promotors & Developers Private Limited & Co 36.00	Particulars	uguli	or goods/st	or vices all	a others to relio	ouvaluiai y C	As at	As at
	PS Suncity Promotors & Devolo	ners Drivato	Limited	8 Co				31 March 2023

(Rupees in Lakhs)

	As at As at
Particulars	As at As at 31 March 2024 31 March 2023
Authorised	
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- Each	5.00 5.00
	5.00 5.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up	
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 Each fully paid up	5.00 5.00
Total	5.00 5.00
(figure in bracket represent those of previous year)	

Note - 12.1

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As 31 Marc		As at 31 March 2023	
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid	Number of shares	Rupees in Lakhs	Number of shares	Rupees in Lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00
Shares Issued during the year				-
Shares bought back during the year		*		4
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00

Note - 12.2 Terms/rights attached to shares Equity

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/-per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. If new equity shares, issued by the company shall be ranked pari-passu with the existing equity shares. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed if any by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

Note - 12.3

Shares held by holding company and subsidiaries of holding Company in aggregate

Name of Shareholder	As 31 Marc		As at 31 March 2023	
Name of Shareholder	Number of shares	Rupees in Lakhs	Number of shares	Rupees in Lakhs
Equity Shares Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00

Note - 12.4

Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in capital of the Company

Equity Shares

Name of Shareholder	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023		
Name of Shareholder	1=	Number of shares	% of Holding	Number of shares	% of Holding
Omaxe New Chandigarh Develop	ers Private Limited	50,000	100.00	50,000	100.00

Note - 12.5

The company has not allotted any fully paid up shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash. The company has neither allotted any fully paid up shares by way of bonus shares nor has.

Note - 12.6

Shareholding of promoters

Shares held by promoter as at 31st March, 2024

	As at 31	March 2024	As at 31 Ma	% Change		
Promoter Name	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	during the year	
Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	50,000	100	50,000	100	3	
	50,000	100	50,000	100		



,a,



Shares held by promoter as at 31st March, 2023

	As at 31	March 2023	As at 31 M	% Change		
Promoter Name	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	during the year	
Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	50,000	100	50,000	100	7	
	50,000	100	50,000	100	-	

Note-13: OTHER EQUITY	(R	upees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 3	As at 1 March 2023
Reserve and Surplus		
Retained earnings/(deficit)	(14,696.57)	(7,483.97)
Capital Reserve	3.47	3.47
Other Comprehensive Income		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	0.64	3.30
Total	(14,692.46)	(7,477.20)
Note-13.1 Movement of other equity is as follows:	(R	upees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 3	As at 1 March 2023
(a) Retained earnings/(deficit)	***************************************	
As per last balance sheet	(7,483.97)	(5,206,15)
Add Profit/(Loss) for the year	(7,212.60)	(2,277.82)
Total	(14,696.57)	(7,483.97)
(b) Capital reserve		
As per last balance sheet	3.47	3.47
Add transfer for the year		(4)
Total	3.47	3.47
(c) Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation		
As per last balance sheet	3.30	(2.74)
Add transfer for the year	(2.66)	6.04
Total	0.64	3.30
Grand Total	(14,692.46)	(7,477.20)

13.2 Nature and Purpose of Reserves

(a) Retained Earnings/(deficit)

Represents surplus/(deficit) in statement of Profit and Loss accumulated upto the end of the financial year.

(b) Capital Reserve

Represent reserve arise on account of acquisition of subsidiaries.

(c) Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Obligation

Represent actuarial gain or loss arising from remeasurements of defined benefit obligation in other comprehensive income.

Note 14: LEASE LIABILITIES-NON CURRENT		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Lease Liabilities	201.43	10.84
Total	201.43	10.84
Note 15: OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES-NON CURRENT		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Security deposits received	154.02	111.77
Total	154.02	111.77
Note 16 : OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Deferred income	17.07	15.31
Total	17.07	15.31
Note 17: PROVISIONS-NON CURRENT		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Leave Encashment	3.99	2.98
Gratuity	11.42	7.72
	15.41	10.70
Note 18: LEASE LIABILITIES-CURRENT		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Lease Liabilities	145.48	477.70
Total	145.48	477.70
Note 19 : TRADE PAYABLES-CURRENT		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Other Trade Payable Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises: Other Trade Payables due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	56.27	24.88
Total (A)	56.27	24.88
Total outstanding dues of creditor other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Other Trade Payables		
-Others	518.31	353.96
Total(B)	518.31	353.96
Total(A+B)	574.58	378.84
New Delhi June Delhi J	(6)	Q_{\cdot}

Note - 19.1

* The information as required to be disclosed under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the Act") has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified by the company, on the basis of information and records available.

- 1	'Ru	pees	in	l al	b	hc'
	Νu	nee2	111	La	ĸ	115

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
the principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	56.27	24.88
the Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of each accounting year	1.36	1.44
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond appointed day during the year	61.02	24.21
the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year		*
the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed date during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act,2006		1.77
the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting vear, and	6.99	6.45
the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23	0.54	1.47

Note-19.2 Ageing of Trade Payables Outstanding as at 31st March 2024 is as follow

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particulars	Ou	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments						
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
MSME	17.98	38.15	0.14			56.27		
Others	232.20	257.31	19.08	2.04	7.68	518.31		
Total	250.18	295.46	19.22	2.04	7.68	574.58		

Ageing of Trade Payables Outstanding as at 31st March 2023 is as follow

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particulars	Ou	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments					
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
MSME	0.68	23.70	+	0.50	- 1	24.88	
Others	119.46	210.29	8.72	9.27	6.22	353.96	
Total	120.14	233.99	8.72	9.77	6.22	378.84	

Note 20: CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Rebate Payable	1,234.50	7.8
Security Deposit Received	3.32	0.69
Interest on Trade Payables	6.99	6.45
Due to Employee	19.21	7.51
Other Payables	1,625.32	807.53
Total	2,889.34	822.18

Note 21: OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Statutory Dues Payable	53.28	69.83
Deferred Income	1.91	1.67
Advance from customers and others :		
From Holding company / Fellow Subsidiaries of holding company	31,823.80	18,750.64
From Others	1,474.77	2,962.28
Total	33,353.76	21,784.42

Note 22: PROVISIONS-CURRENT

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particulars	S 000373 *	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Leave Encashment	(a) (5)	0.09	0.07
Gratuity	* [* Dellu] E	0.26	0.17
Total	(3/ Men) (5)	0.35	0.24



Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Fai (iculais	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Income From Real Estate Projects	(80,22)	1,346.56
Income From Trading Goods	93.80	90.87
Other Operating Income	4,71	19.70
Total	18.29	1,457.13

	(Rupees in Lakhs)
ar Ended arch 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023
(0.96)	
19.25	133.21
18.29	1,457.13
	18.29

Nature of Revenue	Year	Year Ended 31 March 2024			Year Ended 31 March 2023		
	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total	
Real Estate Projects	(80.22)		(80.22)	1,346.56	6,92	1,353,48	
Trading	93.80	¥	93.80	90.87	20	90.87	
Others		4.71	4.71		12.78	12.78	
Total	13.58	4.71	18.29	1,437,43	19.70	1,457.13	

Note 23.3. While disclosing the aggregate amount of transaction price yet to be recognised as revenue towards unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations, the Company has applied the practical expedient in Ind AS 115. The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is Rs. 48,560.84 Lakhs(Rs. 52,618.15 lakhs previous year) which is expected to be recognised as revenue in the subsequent years, however revenue to be recognised in next one year is not ascertainable due to nature of industry in which company is operating.

Note 23.4: Advances against unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023
Advances at beginning of the year	21,712,92	15,973.31
Add: Advances received during the year (net)	11,603.93	
Less: Revenue recognised during the year	18.29	
Advances at the end of the year	33,298.57	21,712.92

Note 23.5: Reconciliation of revenue recognised with the contracted price is as follows:		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023
Contracted price	(51.74)	2,601.79
Reduction towards variable consideration components	(70.03)	1,144.66
Revenue recognized	18.29	1,457,13

Note 24 : OTHER INCOME		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
, at stantal b	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income		
-other	0.67	0.43
· Liabilities no longer required written back (net)	4.30	9.12
Profit/(loss) on sale of property,plant and equipment	0.38	+
Gain on financial assets/liabilities carried at amortised cost	1.54	0.96
Miscellaneous Income	3,24	50.47
Total	10.13	60.98

Total			10.13	60.98
Note 25 : COST OF LAND, MATERIAL CONSUM	IED, CONSTRUCTION &	OTHER RELATED PRO	JECT COST	(Rupees in Lakhs
Particulars			Year Ended	Year Ended
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventory at the Beginning of The Year				
Building Materials and Consumables			188.27	91.82
			188.27	91.82
Add: Incurred During The Year				
Building Materials			911.42	812.25
Construction Cost			1,751.68	1,006.39
Employee Cost			153.68	,
Rates and Taxes			38.36	
Administration Expenses			89.18	107.61
Lease rent			632.18	*
Depreciation			20.44	6.32
Power & Fuel and Other Electrical Cost			197.49	157.09
Repairs and Maintenance-plant and machinery	080		1.74	0.93
Finance Cost	(500020)	_	3,359.62	57.24
	(a) (*)		7,155.79	2,272.29
Less: Inventory at the End of The Year	(* (Delhi) *	/ 1		
Building Materials and Consumables	* New Delhi	Wi	272.36	188.27
	13.4 15	()	272.36	188.27
Total	TO BY ACCO		7,071.70	2,175.84
	- 4			

Note 26 : CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED STOK & PROJECT IN PROGR		(Rupees in Lakhs
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023
Inventory at the Beginning of the Year	011.0101.2027	51 Haren 2025
Completed Real Estate Projects	4,393.26	
Projects In Progress	5,964.54	
Inventory at the End of the Year	10,357.80	12,013.28
Completed Real Estate Projects	3,988.64	4,393.26
Projects In Progress	4,346.47	
	8,335.11	10,357.80
Changes In Inventory of finished stock & project in progress	2,022.69	1,655.48
Note 27 : EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE		
Particulars	Year Ended	(Rupees in Lakhs) Year Ended
Colorina Massa Allamana And B	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries, Wages, Allowances And Bonus Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	146.13	94.79
Staff Welfare Expenses	2.69 1.32	1.76
	150.14	1.88 98.43
Less: Allocated to Projects	153.68	94.65
Total	(3.54)	3.78
Note 28 : FINANCE COST		(Dungage in Labele)
Particulars	Year Ended	(Rupees in Lakhs) Year Ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest On - Term Loans		
- Others	3,349.47	0.01 43.02
- Lease Liability	172.35	84.85
Other Borrowing Cost	172.55	0.54
Bank Charges	14.11	16.06
Finance Charge on compound financial instrument	0.69	
Less: Allocated to Projects	3,536.62	144.48
Total	3,359.62 177.00	57.24 87.24
NATA 20 - DEDDESTATION AND ALLEGATION		
Note 29 : DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Donnesisting on a superior in the state of t	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation on property, plant and equipements Depreciation on right of use assets	32.10	18.39
Depreciation on right or use assets	346.57	597.03
Less: Allocated to Projects	378.67 20.44	615.42 6.32
Total	358.23	609.10
Note 30 : OTHER EXPENSES	*	
	Year Ended	(Rupees in Lakhs) Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Administrative Expenses Short Term Lease	0.77	4.07
Rates And Taxes	0.77 9.03	1.97
Insurance	0.24	6.52 0.24
Royalty	5.2 T	1.00
Repairs And maintenance- others	1.84	2.28
Vehicle running and maintenance	1.37	1.14
Legal And Professional Charges	50.21	65.98
Printing And Stationery	2.61	1.93
Postage, telephone & courier	1.49	3.11
Auditoral Damunaustian	0.54	0.52
Auditors' Remuneration		0.58
Travelling and conveyance	2.29	
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses	te:	0.91
Travelling and conveyance		0.91 1.52
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses	1.50 20.92	0.91 1.52 20.50
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off		0.91 1.52
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects	1.50 20.92 92.81	0.91 1.52 20.50 108.20
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses	1.50 20.92 92.81 89.18 3.63	0.91 1.52 20.50 108.20 107.61 0.59
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects	1.50 20.92 92.81 89.18 3.63	0.91 1.52 20.50 108.20 107.61 0.59
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses Business Promotion	1.50 20.92 92.81 89.18 3.63 7.27 2.00	0.91 1.52 20.50 108.20 107.61 0.59
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses Business Promotion Commission Advertisement And Publicity	1.50 20.92 92.81 89.18 3.63	0.91 1.52 20.50 108.20 107.61 0.59
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses Business Promotion Commission	1.50 20.92 92.81 89.18 3.63 7.27 2.00 6.09 15.36	0.91 1.52 20.50 108.20 107.61 0.59 21.45 6.89 28.34
Travelling and conveyance Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Bad Debts & advances written off Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses Business Promotion Commission Advertisement And Publicity	1.50 20.92 92.81 89.18 3.63 7.27 2.00 6.09	0.91 1.52 20.50 108.20 107.61 0.59 21.45 6.89 28.34

(4)

Note 31: TAX EXPENSE

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particualrs	Year E	A SUPERIOR	Year Ended 31 March 2023
Tax expense comprises of:	31 Marci	12024	31 March 2023
Deferred tax	(2,4	404.05)	(764.44)
	22272	the state of the s	

(2,404.05) (764.44)The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 25.168% and the reported tax expense in statement of profit and loss are as follows:

		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Accounting profit before tax	(9,616.65)	(3,042.26)
Applicable tax rate	25.168%	
Computed tax expense	(2,420.32)	
Tax effect of:	(2,120.32)	(705.00)
Tax impact of disallowable expenses (net)	(1.07)	(27.32)
Tax impact on account of adjustment of brought forward losses and others	2,421.38	
Current Tax (A)	2,121.50	755.00
Deferred Tax Provisions		
Decrease in deferred tax assets on account of provisions, business losses and others		
the desired an established by providing business losses and outers	(2,404.05)	(764.44)
Total Deferred Tax Provisions (B)	(2,404.05)	(764.44)
Tax Expenses recognised in statement of Profit & Loss(A+B)		
Effective Tax Rate	(2,404.05) 25.00%	(764.44) 25.13%

Note 32: EARNINGS PER SHARE

(Rupees in Lakhs)

		(. copeco iii momo)	
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	31 March 2024 31 M		
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	(7,212.60)	(2,277.82)	
Weighted average number of equity shares	50,000	50,000	
Nominal value per share (in rupees)	10.00		
Earnings per equity share (in rupees)	82 0	10.00	
Basic	(14.425.19)	(4,555.65)	
Diluted	(14,425.19)	(4,555.65)	

Note 33: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(Rupees in Lakhs)

0.91

0.91

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
I	Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts (to the extent quantifiable)	38.03	15.54
II	Bank Guarantee Given by holding company of holding Company on behalf of the Company	504.90	504.90
III	Disputed tax amounts		
	Service tax	557.16	-
	Income Tax	5,548.17	118.78
	GST	207.56	-
IV	Corporate Guarantee Amount outstanding in respect of corporate guarantee given on account of loan availed by holding of holding company namely Omaxe Limited.	8,042.00	13,438.79
	Amount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantee given on account of loan availed by holding company namely Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited		9,819.61
V	The Group may be contingently liable to pay damages / interest in the process of execution of real estate and construction projects and for specific non-performance of certain agreements, the amount of which cannot presently be ascertained	A	Amount unascertainable

Note 34: Some of the balances of trade Receivables, trade payables and advances given to and taken from others are subject to reconciliation and confirmation from respective parties. The balance of said trade Receivables, trade payables and advances given to and taken from others are taken as shown by the books of accounts. The ultimate outcome of such reconciliation and confirmation cannot presently be determined, therefore, no provision has been made that may result out of such reconciliation and confirmation in the financial statement.

Advances given to others includes advances given against goods/services and others which takes substantial period of time to conclude. In the opinion of management ,these advances are in accordance with normal trade practices in Real Estate Business and are not loans or advances in the nature of loans, hence classified accordingly.

Note 35: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) The details of expenditure incurred on CSR are as under

The	details of expenditure incurred on CSR are as under		(Rupees in Lakhs)
S. NO	Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023
а.	The Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year as per section 135 of Companies Act 2013 read with Schedule VII	(4)	

b. Amount spent during the year on :

i) Construction/acquisition of any assets i) Construction/acquisition.
ii) On Purpose other than (i) above & Co

c. Unspent Amount in CSR

The breakup of expenses included a particular are as under Environment sustainability and cological balance





Note 35.1. There are no unspent amounts requiring transfer to a fund specified in Schedule VII of Companies Act, 2013 within a period of six months of expiry of financial year in compliance with second proviso to Section 135 (5) of Companies Act, 2013.

Note 35.2. In accordance with Circular No. 14/2021 date 25th August, 2021 in respect of Section 135 of Companies Act, the excess amount of CSR expenditure incurred by the Company during the Financial year are to be set off against the required 2% CSR expenditure up to immediately succeeding three financial years subject to compliance of conditions as stipulated under rule 7(3) of Companies (CSR Policy) Rule, 2014.

Details of excess CSR expenditure under Section 135(5) of the Act (Rupees in Lakhs) **Balance excess** Amount Amount spent Balance as at 31 Available for set Available for set spent as at required to be during the year March 2024 off till Financial off till Financial 1 April 2023 spent during Year 2026-27 Year 2025-26 0.91 0.91

(Rupees in Lakhs) **Balance excess** Amount Amount spent Balance as at 31 Available for set Available for set spent as at required to be during the year March 2023 off till Financial off till Financial 1 April 2022 spent during Year 2025-26 Year 2026-27 0.91 0.91 0.91

Note 36 : LEASES (a) Group as a leasee

Lease Contracts entered by the Group majorly pertains to building taken on lease to conduct the business activities in ordinary course.

The details of right of use asset held by the Group is as follows: (Rupees in Lakhs) Addition(Net of **Net Carrying** Addition(Net of **Net Carrying** deletion) for the amount as at 31 deletion) for the amount as at 31 **Particulars** year ended 31 March, 2024 year ended 31 March, 2023 March, 2024 March, 2023 Building 232.05 333.24 217.43 447.76

 The following are the amounts recognized in the statement of profit and loss:
 (Rupees in Lakhs)

 Particulars
 As at 31 March 2024
 31 March 2023

 Depreciation on right of use asset
 346.57
 597.03

 Interest on lease liability
 172.35
 84.85

 Total
 518.92
 681.88

 The following is breakup of Current and Non-Current Lease Liability as at 31st March, 2024
 (Rupees in Lakhs)

 Particulars
 As at 31 March 2024
 31 March 2023

 Current lease liability
 145.48
 477.70

 Non-Current lease liability
 201.43
 10.84

 Total
 346.91
 488.54

The following is movement in Lease Liability during the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Rupees in Lakhs) Year Ended Year Ended **Particulars** 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 Balance at the beginning of the year 488.54 985.95 Addition during the year 267,72 281.42 Deletion during the year (35.67)(63.99)Finance cost accrued during the year 172.35 84.85 Payment of lease liability (546.03)(799.69) Balance at the end of the year 346.91 488.54

The table below provides details regarding the Contractual Maturities of Lease Liability as at 31st March, 2024 on an undiscounted basis:

(Ru		(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Less than one year	220.99	538.54
One to five year	265.48	11.22
More than five year		-

(b) Group as a lessor

Lease arrangements where the group is lessor, lease rentals are recognized on straight line basis over the non-cancellable period

Note 37

Short Term Lease Payment debited to Statement of Profit and Loss Account Rs. 0.77 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 1.97 Lakhs) pertaining to short term lease arrangement for a Seriod of less than one year.

Note 38: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

Net liability/ (asset) recognized in balance sheet

1) Post-Employment Obligations - Gratuity

The group provides gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees' last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied by the number of years of service. For the funded plan the group makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The group does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimations of expected gratuity payments.

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets

Present value obligation as at the end of the year
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year

Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year

- (Rupees in Lakhs)

As at
31 March 2024
31 March 2023

7.89

11.68

7.89

| Current liability | Current liability | Current liability | Total | Current liability | Current liabilit

(Rupees in Lakhs) As at As at d. Changes in defined benefit obligation 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 Present value obligation as at the beginning of the year 7.89 11.10 Interest cost 0.58 0.80 Past Service Cost including curtailment Gains/Losses Service cost 2.36 1.36 Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligations (5.37)0.85 Present value obligation as at the end of the year 11.68 7.89

(Rupees in Lakhs) Year Ended Year Ended Amount recognized in the statement of profit and loss 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 Current service cost 2.36 1.36 Past Service Cost including curtailment Gains/Losses Net Interest cost 0.58 0.80 Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss 2.94 2.16

(Rupees in Lakhs) As at As at **Other Comprehensive Income** 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 Net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) opening 1.71 (3.66)Actuarial gain/(loss) on PBO (0.85)5.37 Actuarial gain/(loss) for the year on Asset Unrecognised actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the year 0.86 1.71

 As at Discount rate Future salary increase
 As at 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 7.36% 6.00%

h. Demographic Assumptions	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Retirement Age (Years)	58	58
Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
Ages	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate (%)
Up to 30 Years	3.00	3.00
From 31 to 44 Years	2.00	2.00
Above 44 Years	1.00	1.00

2



(Rupees in Lakhs)

j. Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Impact of the change in discount rate		
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	11.68	7.89
a) Impact due to increase of 0.50 %	(0.82)	(0.58)
b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	0.90	0.64

(Rupees in Lakhs)

1,000			(Rupees III Lakiis)
_	mpact of the change in salary increase	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Pr	esent value of obligation at the end of the year	11.68	7.89
(a)	Impact due to increase of 0.50%	0.91	0.65
(b)	Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	(0.84)	(0.59)

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Year		
0 to 1 year	0.26	0.17
1 to 2 year	0.21	0.14
2 to 3 year	0.21	0.1
3 to 4 year	0.19	0.1
4 to 5 year	0.29	0.1
5 to 6 year	0.20	0.1
6 Year onward	10.32	7.0

The major categories of plan assets are as follows: (As Percentage of total Plan Assets)	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Funds Managed by Insurer		-

2) Leave Encashment

Provision for leave encashment in respect of unavailed leaves standing to the credit of employees is made on actuarial basis. The Company does not maintain any fund to pay for leave encashment. The total leave encashment liability of Rs 3.99 Lakhs (PY Rs 2.98 Lakhs) is classified as non-current and Rs 0.09 Lakhs (PY Rs 0.07 Lakhs) as current and does not require disclosure as mentioned in Para 158 of IND AS 19.

3) Defined Contribution Plans

The group also has defined contribution plan i.e. contributions to provident fund in India for employees. The group makes contribution to statutory fund in accordance with Employees Provident Fund and Misc. Provision Act, 1952. This is post-employment benefit and is in the nature of defined contribution plan. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The provident fund contribution charged to statement of profit & loss for the year ended 31 March, 2024 amount to Rs. 2.48 Lakhs (PY Rs. 1.66 Lakhs).

Note 39: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2024	Year Ended 31 March 2023
Audit fees	0.46	0.45
Certification fee	0.08	0.07
Total	0.54	0.52

Note 40: SEGMENT INFORMATION

In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and on the basis of review of operations being done by the management of the Group, the operations of the group falls under real estate business, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by management.

None of the non-current assets are held outside India.

Single Customer represents 10% or more of Company's total revenue for the year ended 31st March 2024 are as under:

				(Rupees in Lakhs)
Particulars	No. of Customers	Year Ended 31 March 2024	No. of Customers	Year Ended 31 March 2023
Customer represents 10% or more of total revenue	186	э	6	1,224.43

Note 41: The Group is having accumulated losses to the tune of Rs. 14692.46 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 7447.20 Lakhs) resulting full erosion of net worth of the group. The holding company is supporting the cash flows of the group. The group is constructing commercial real estate project, according to the management of the group the accumulated losses are temporary in nature and will be compensated with profit of unsold inventory in near future. On the basis of these facts, the accounts of the group have been prepared on going concern basis.







Note 42: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(i) Financial Assets and Liabilities by category

(Rupees in Lakhs) As at As at **Particulars** Note 31 March 2023 31 March 2024 **Financial Assets At Amortised Cost Non-current Assets** 2.07 2.07 Other Financial Assets 3 **Current Assets** 8 506.27 631.59 Trade Receivables Cash & Cash Equivalents 9 88.99 119.20 349.25 5,798.28 10 Other Financial Assets 1,102.11 6,395.61 **Total Financial Assets Financial Liabilities** At Amortised Cost Non-current liabilities Lease Liability 201.43 10.84 15 154.02 111.77 Other Financial Liabilities **Current Liabilities** 477.70 18 145.48 Lease Liability 378.84 574.58 Trade Payables 19 Other Financial Liabilities 2,889.34 822.18 20 **Total Financial Liabilities** 3,964.85 1,801.33

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(Rupees in Lakhs)

	As at 31 M	arch 2024	As at 31 Ma	arch 2023
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Non-current Assets				
Other Financial Assets	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07
Current Assets	15			
Trade Receivables	506.27	506.27	631.59	631.59
Cash & Cash Equivalents	88.99	88.99	119.20	119.20
Other Financial Assets	5,798.28	5,798.28	349.25	349.25
Total Financial Assets	6,395.61	6,395.61	1,102.11	1,102.11
Financial Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Lease Liability	201.43	201.43	10.84	10.84
Other Financial Liabilities	154.02	154.02	111.77	111.77
Current Liabilities				
Lease Liability	145.48	145.48	477.70	477.70
Trade Payables	574.58	574.58	378.84	378.84
Other Financial Liabilities	2,889.34	2,889.34	822.18	822.18
Total Financial Liabilities	3,964.85	3,964.85	1,801.33	1,801.33

For short term financial assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost. the carrying value is reasonable

approximation of fair value.

Note 43: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The management has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Group provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Credit risk	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents	12 month expected credit loss
Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables and other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss or 12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Group operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Group. The Group continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents	88.99	119.20
B: Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables and other financial assets	6,306.62	982.91

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Group takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the financial liabilities into relevant maturity pattern based on their contractual maturities.

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	3 - 6 years	More than 6 years	Total	Carrying Amount
As at 31 March 2024							
Trade Payables	574.58	(3)	-5			574.58	574,58
Other Financial Liabilities (Including lease liabilities)	3,107.01	181.06	86.43	2.40	63.49	3,440.39	3,390.27
Total	3,681.59	181.06	86.43	2.40	63.49	4,014.97	3,964.85
As at 31 March 2023 Trade Payables Other Financial Liabilities (Including lease liabilities)	378.84 821.70	538.54	11.22	2.00	55.74	378.84 1,429.20	378.84 1,422.49
Total	1,200.54	538.54	11.22	2.00	55.74	1,808.04	1,801.33

Note 44: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES

(a) Capital Management

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern as well as to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the carcying amount of equity plus its subordinated loan, less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the statement of financial position and cash flow hedges recognised in other comprehensive income.

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(i)

Note-45 RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

(A) Related Parties are classified as:

(a) Ultimate Holding company

1 Guild Builders Private Limited

(b) Holding Company of holding company

1 Omaxe Limited

(c) Holding Company

1 Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited

(d) Fellow Subsidiary Companies of Holding company

- 1 Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited
- 2 Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited
- 3 Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited
- 4 Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited
- 5 Omaxe World Street Private Limited
- 6 Omaxe Buildwell Limited
- 7 Ashray Infrabuild Private Limited
- 8 Hemang Buildcon Private Limited
- 9 Dinkar Realcon Private Limited
- 10 Davesh Techobuild Private Limited
- 11 RPS Suncity Promotors & Developers Private Limited
- 12 Omaxe Infotech City Developers Limited
- 13 Omaxe New Amritsar Developers Private Limited

(e) Other entities under significant control

1 Bhargav Builders Private Limited

(f) Person having significant influence over the Company

1 Mr.Rohtas Goel

(B) SUMMARY OF RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS ARE AS UNDER:

(Rupees in Lakhs) S.No. Nature of Transactions Year ended **Holding Company/ Entities over which** Person having Total **Holding of Holding** key managerial significant Company/ fellow personnel and/or their influence over the Subsidiaries of relatives exercise Company **Holding Company** significant control 1 Income from trading goods 31 March 2024 90.26 31 March 2023 77.92 77.92 2 Purchase of fixed assets 31 March 2024 99.53 99.53 31 March 2023 3 Guarantee Charges recovered 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 46.31 46.31 4 Building material purchases 31 March 2024 126.77 126.77 31 March 2023 181.78 181.78 5 Bank Guarantee Comission paid 31 March 2024 11.10 11.10 31 March 2023 14.03 14.03 6 Royalty paid 31 March 2024 31 March 2023 1.00 1.00 7 Advances received/refund 31 March 2024 14,802,39 5.00 14,807.39 31 March 2023 17,401.80 207.50 17,609.30 8 Advance Paid 31 March 2024 1,943.17 5.00 1,948.17 31 March 2023 3,475.90 207.50 3,683.40

Closing Balances (Rupees in Lakhs) **Nature of Transactions** S.No. Holding Company/ Entities over which Person having Total Holding of Holding key managerial significant Company/ fellow personnel and/or their influence over the As at Subsidiaries of relatives exercise Company **Holding Company** significant control 1 Advances/balance outstanding 31 March 2024 31,823.80 31,823.80 31 March 2023 18,750.64 18,750.64 2 Advances/balance recoverable 31 March 2024 218,52 218.52 31 March 2023 4.58 4.58 3 Bank guarantees 31 March 2024 504.90 504.90 31 March 2023 504.90 504.90 4 Corporate guarantees 31 March 2024 8,042.00 8,042.00 31 March. 23,258.40 23,258.40

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Pa	PARTICULARS OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION rticular	Relationship	Year Ended 31 March, 2024	(Rupees in Lakhs Year Ended 31 March, 2023
1	Income from trading goods			
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding Company	4.87	3.63
2	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Purchase of fixed assets	Holding Company	85.39	74.30
	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Holding Company	0.23	
	Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	99.30	
		Company		
3	Guarantee Charges recovered Omaxe Limited			
	Offiaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding Company	-	5.21
	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Holding Company		41.10
5	Building material purchases			12123
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding Company	0.40	1.67
	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Holding Company	122.64	179.49
	Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	-	0.63
-	Omaxe Buildwell Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding		
		Company	3.72	74
	Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	0.01	0.01
7	Bank Guarantee Comission paid	Company		
-	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding	11.10	14.03
Į		Company	11.10	
8	Royalty paid Rohtas Goel	Dougou having alreid and		
	Koncas Goei	Person having significant influence over the Company		1.00
		imachee over the company		
9	Advances received Omaxe Limited	Halding Comments of Halding		
	Onaxe Enniced	Holding Company of Holding Company	183.12	80.87
	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Holding Company	14,224.79	16,082.63
	Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	50.59	
	Omaxe Gary Buildtech Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	292.00	30.00
		Company	292.00	30.00
	Omaxe World Street Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	0.60	
	Omaxe New Amritsar Developers Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	5.00	912.30
		Company	3.00	912.30
	Omaxe Infotech City Developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	46.29	*
	Davesh technobuild Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	-	56.00
		Company	*	50.00
	Ashray Infrabuild Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	=	6.74
	Dinkar Realcon Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding		190.00
		Company		150.00
	Hemang Buildcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	-	43.26
1	Bhargav Builders Private Limited	Company Other Entity Under	5.00	207.50
		Significant Control	0.00	
0	Advance Paid Omaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding	261.05	1 151 00
		Holding Company of Holding Company	361.05	1,154.36
	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Holding Company	1,105.33	1,129.54
	Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	50.59	7:
T	Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	292.00	30.00
+	RPS Suncity Promotors & Developers Private Limited	Company	25.00	
_		Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company	36.00	*
	Omaxe World Street Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company	0.60	
Ī	Omaxe Infotech City Developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	46.29	*
+	Davesh technobuild Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding		FC 00
		Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company	**	56.00
	Omaxe New Amritsar Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company	46.30	871.00
1	Ashray Infrabuild Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding		6.74
1	Dinkar Realcon Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding	5.00	185.00
-	Hemang Buildcon Private Limited	Company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding		43.26
1	(0000120)	Company		43.26
	Bhargav Builders Private Limited (2) Delhi	Other Entity Under	5.00	207.50

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CLOSING BALANCES			(Rupees in Lakhs
Particular	Relationship	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
1 Advances/balance outstanding			
Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Holding Company	31,823.80	18,704.34
Dinkar Realcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company	*	5.00
Omaxe New Amritsar Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company	-	41.30
2 Advances/balance Recoverable			
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding Company	182.52	4.58
RPS Suncity Promotors & Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company	36.00	*
3 Bank guarantees			
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding Company	504.90	504.90
4 Corporate guarantees (Amount outstanding in respect of corporate guarantees given on account of loan availed by holding company & holding of holding company)			
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company of Holding Company	8,042.00	13,438.79
Omaxe New Chandigarh Developrs Private Limited	Holding Company	- 1	9,819.61







Note 46: GROUP INFORMATION

Information about subsidiaries/entity consolidated

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include entities listed in the table below:

		Country of	Proportion (Proportion (%) of Equity Interest
O	Name of Entity	Incorporation	As at 31-March-2024	As at As at 31-March-2023
	Aarzoo Technobuild Private Limited	India	100.00	100.00
	Abheek Builders Private Limited	India	100.00	100.00
	Radiance Housing and Properties Private Limited	India	100.00	100.00

Note 47: Additional information, as required under Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, of the enterprises consolidated as subsidiaries / entities consolidated:

		Net assets (total assets m liabilities)	sets minus total es)	Share in profit or (loss)	t or (loss)	Share in Other Comprehensive Income	ther e Income	Share in Total Comprehensive Income	Total
S.N.	S.No. Name of the entity in the group	As % of consolidated net assets	(Rupees in Lakhs)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	(Rupees in Lakhs)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive	(Rupees in Lakhs)	As % of consolidated Total comprehensive	(Rupees in Lakhs)
	Parent					Tucome		Income	
	Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	100.07	(14,683.38)		99.99 (7.211.65)	100 00	(7 66)	00 00	115 116 77 00 00
	Subsidiaries-Indian						(5.500)	00.00	(10:447/)
Н	. Aarzoo Technobuild Private Limited	(0.02)	2.65	00 0	(88 0)	1,1		o o	
7	Abheek Builders Private Limited	(0.03)	4.69	0.00	(0.34)		į	0.00	(0.33)
~	Radiance Housing and Properties								(10.0)
7	Private Limited	(0.02)	3.59	0.00	(0.28)		•	000	(80.0)

For and on behalf of board of directors

Manish Goel Director DIN: 03560939

Rajendra Kumar Sharma Director DIN: 07084868

Place: New Delhi Date: 22 May, 2024

Note 48. In the financial year ended 31 March 2022, search was initiated against the Company under section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961. During the financial year 2023-24 assessments were made and several notices of demand under section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 were received. The company has already filed appeals before CIT(Appeals) disputing the demands so raised. Based on the decision of various appellate authorities, interpretation of relevant provision of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and on the basis of opinion from independent tax expert that the demands so raised will not be sustained on completion of the appellate proceedings. Accordingly, pending the decision by the appellate authorities, no provision of any potential liability has been made in the Financial Statements.

Note 49. 'No funds have been advanced/loaned/invested (from borrowed fund or from share premium or from any other sources/kind of fund) by the group to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities(intermediaries), with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other peron or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

No funds have been received by the group from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding Parties), with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the group shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 50: The Indian parliament has approved the Code of Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contribution by the group toward providend fund and gratuity. The Ministry of Labour and Employment has relesed draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020. The group will asses the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified. The company will give appropriate impact in its financial statement in the period in which, the code become effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

Note 51: Additional regulatory information required by Schedule-III of Companies Act 2013

- i) Relationship with struck off companies: The group do not have any relationship with companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act 1956.
- ii) Details of Benami Property: No proceeding have been initiated or are pending against the group for holding any Benami property uder Benami Transaction (Prohibition) Act 1988 and the Rules made thereunder.
- iii Compliance with numbers of layer of Companies: The group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under Companies Act 2013.
- iv) Compliance with approved Scheme of Arrangement: The group has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
- v) Undisclosed Income: There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during current or previous year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act 1961 that has not been recorded in books of accounts.
- vi) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency: The group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.
- Note 52: 'Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31st March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

Note 53: The Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable with current year figures.

The note nos. 1-53 referred to above form an integral part of consolidated financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -0003125)

Chartered Accountants

Sujata Sharma lered

Partner \

M.No. 087919

Place: New Delhi Date: 22 May, 2024 For and on behalf of board of directors

Goel Director

DIN: 03560939

Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Director

DIN: 07084868

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of of companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries

Annexure-A

01			
Rupees in Lakhs) Proposed % of Dividend shareholding	100.00	100.00	100.00
Proposed Dividend	í	,	ř
Profit/(loss) after taxation	(0.33)	(0.34)	(0.28)
Provision for taxation	¥0		41)
Profit/(loss) Provision Profit/(loss) before for after taxation taxation	(0.33)	(0.34)	(0.28)
Turnover (including other income)			
Total Liabilities (Non Current Investments and Current Liability)	Tight.	i) if	Ņ
Total Liabilities (Non Current and Current Liability)	0.10	0.10	0.10
Total	2.75	4.79	3.69
Reserves & surplus	(2.35)	(0.31)	(1.41)
Share	5.00	5.00	5.00
Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	INR	INR	INR
Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	31 March, 2024	31 March, 2024	31 March, 2024
The date since when subsidiary was acquired	05 November ,2008 31 March, 2024	05 November ,2008 31 March, 2024	05 November ,2008 31 March, 2024
SI. Name of No. Subsidiary	Aarzoo Technobuild Private Limited	Abheek Builders Private Limited	Radiance Housing and Properties Private Limited
S. o.	П	2	ю

For and on behalf of board of directors

Manish Goel
Director
Director

Rajendra Kumar Sharma Director DIN: 07084868

> Place: New Delhi Date: 22 May, 2024

